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roDunn Timetable

| 1/6 | |
|-------------------|---|
| 9.15am-9.30am | Getting connected |
| 9.30am - 9.45am | Introductions and how this works |
| 9.45am - 10.45am | Session 1: Understanding and adapting for autism |
| 10.45am – 11.00am | Break |
| 11am - 12noon | Session 2: Practical communication strategies |
| 12noon - 1.15pm | Lunch Break |
| 1.15pm - 2.15pm | Session 3: Sensory Issues and Coping with change |
| 2.15pm - 2.30pm | Break 4/h O |
| 2.30pm – 3.30pm | Session 4: Mental Health, Social skills and Behaviour |
| 3.30pm | Finish |

Throughout: Quiz questions, interactive opportunities, Q & A
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Session 1: Understanding and adapting





So what is autism?

A fundamentally different way of being in the world (as a result of different neurology) →

- Social Issues
- Communication
- Rigidity

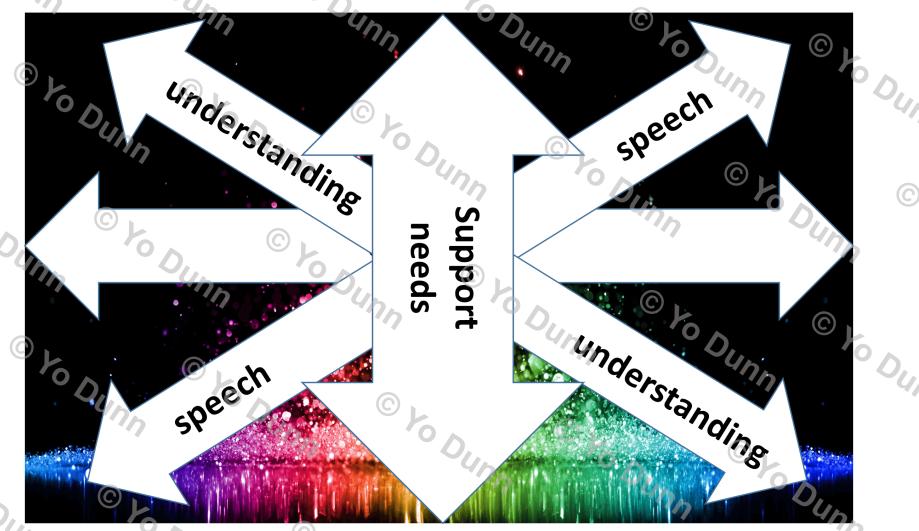
And also

- Processing differences
- Sensory Issues
- Inertia, difficulties with initiative
- Other differences





The Autistic Spectrum



Creating a communication friendly environment

• Slow down



• One thing at a time



Processing: input

Hear

Connect

Meaning

- Sound enters ear
- Word to concept

Understand word

Context

Literal?

Analysis

- How does this relate to other information?
- Is the literal meaning possible/logical?
- Pulling it all together and making sense



Meeting sensory stimulation needs

(for under sensitivity)
Provide/encourage stimming

- Chew toys
- Fiddle/fidget gadgets
- Blue tak!
- Light-up toys





- Sensory stimulation opportunities including:
 - Large movement (e.g. trampolines, time outdoors)
 - Sensory rooms important that child/young person has control or environment is carefully suited to their needs (don't bombard)

Supporting positive mental health



- Recognise and accommodate stress
- Strengths and Challenges
- Resilience being the actor in your own life
 - Developing a positive autistic identity

Overload: Fight, freeze or flight

 When distressed, some autistic people shut down, others become aggressive or run away

 The autistic person may well be perceiving what they are experiencing as life-threatening

Overload can trigger an overwhelming "autonomic storm" – a neuro-biological massive overreaction